## Group 8

## J symbol (vertical-bar-colon): |:

## Monadic case:

<u>Name</u>: *transpose* <u>Rank</u>: \_ (infinity/unbounded) – applies to entire array <u>Definition</u>: **|: y** returns y with the *order of the axes* of y *reversed*.

<u>Please also include *explanations* for your answers to some of the following questions</u>: What is is the tranpose of a matrix? What is is the tranpose of a vector? What is is the tranpose of a rank 3 array?

## **Dyadic case:**

<u>Name</u>: *transpose* 

<u>Rank</u>: 1 (left); \_ (right) – applies to a vector on the left and the entire array on the right <u>Definition (vector x)</u>:  $\mathbf{x} \mid : \mathbf{y}$  moves the *axis* xi to the *tail end*, where xi is the *element* at *position* i of x. <u>Definition (box x)</u>:  $\mathbf{x} \mid : \mathbf{y}$  merges (runs together) the axes specified by the elements of the box x to form a single axis.

<u>Please also include *explanations* for your answers to some of the following questions</u>: What is the result when x is a positive/negative number and y is a matrix? What is the result when x is a length 2 vector and y is a rank 3 array? What is the result when x is a boxed vector of length 2 and y is a matrix? What is the result when x is a boxed vector of length 3 and y is a rank 3 array? What is the result when x is a boxed vector of length 3 and y is a rank 3 array?