Group 7

J symbol (vertical-bar-dot):

Monadic case:

<u>Name</u>: *reverse* <u>Rank</u>: _ (infinity/unbounded) – applies to entire array <u>Definition</u>: |. y returns y with the *order of the items* of y *reversed*.

<u>Please also include *explanations* for your answers to some of the following questions:</u> Whis is the reverse of a string? What is a palindrome? What is the reverse of a single number? What is the reverse of a matrix?

Dyadic case:

Name: rotate

<u>Rank</u>: 1 (left); _ (right) – applies to a vector on the left and the entire array on the right <u>Definition (scalar x)</u>: $\mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{y}$ *rotates* the *order of the items* of \mathbf{y} by \mathbf{x} *positions*. Items are rotated to the *front* if \mathbf{x} is *positive*, and to the *back* if \mathbf{x} is *negative*.

<u>Definition (vector x)</u>: $\mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{y}$ rotates the order of the elements aligned along axis i of y by xi positions, where xi is the element at position i of x. Items are rotated to the *front* if x is positive, and to the back if x is negative.

<u>Please also include *explanations* for your answers to some of the following questions:</u> What is the result when x is positive/negative number and y is a vector? What is the result when x is positive/negative number and y is a matrix? What is the result when x is vector containing positive and negative numbers?