

重力モデル計算のメモ

単独プリズム

$$g = G\rho \sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{j=1}^2 \sum_{k=1}^2 \mu_{ijk} \left[z_k \arctan \frac{x_i y_j}{z_k R_{ijk}} - x_i \log(R_{ijk} + y_j) - y_j \log(R_{ijk} + x_i) \right]$$

ここで

$$R_{ijk} = \sqrt{x_i^2 + y_j^2 + z_k^2}$$

$$\mu_{ijk} = (-1)^i (-1)^j (-1)^k$$

一辺が 20km×20km で厚さが 3km のプリズムが地表から上面深度 1km にある。周囲との密度差は+0.5g/cm³

c cal-grv

c BLAKELY(1995)

c

c set prisms

c

c observed point (x0,y0,z0)

c prism x1-x2, y1-y2, z1-z2 (km)

c external einc,edec : positive below horizontal,

c positive east of true North

c theta azimuth of X-axis positive east of true North

c

c density contrast rho(kg/m**3)

c

dimension x1s(100), x2s(100), y1s(100), y2s(100)

dimension z1s(100), z2s(100), tms(100)

dimension rincs(100), rdecs(100)

c

c prism number

nnp=1

c--- density

rho=500

c--- position

```
x1s(1)=-10
x2s(1)=10
y1s(1)=-10
y2s(1)=10
z1s(1)=1
z2s(1)=4
```

c

```
open(2,file='gtest_result.txt')
```

c

```
mx1=-50
mx2=50
my1=-50
my2=50
mxstp=1
mystp=1
ix=(mx2-mx1)/mxstp
iy=(my2-my1)/mystp
do 10 mm=1,ix
x0=float((mm-1)*mxstp+mx1)
do 11 nn=1,iy
y0=float((nn-1)*mystp+my1)
gg=0
do 20 k=1,nnp
  x1=x1s(k)
  x2=x2s(k)
  y1=y1s(k)
  y2=y2s(k)
  z1=z1s(k)
  z2=z2s(k)
```

c

```
call gbox(x0,y0,z0,x1,y1,z1,x2,y2,z2,rho,g)
gg=gg+g
20 continue
  write(2,*) y0,x0,gg
11 continue
10 continue
```

```

close(2)
stop
end
c
subroutine gbox(x0,y0,z0,x1,y1,z1,x2,y2,z2,rho,g)
dimension x(2),y(2),z(2),isign(2)
real km2m
data isign/-1,1/
c
km2m=1000.
si2mg=100000.
gamma=6.670e-11
twopi=6.2831853
c
x(1)=x0-x1
x(2)=x0-x2
y(1)=y0-y1
y(2)=y0-y2
z(1)=z0-z1
z(2)=z0-z2
sum=0.
do 1 i=1,2
do 1 j=1,2
do 1 k=1,2
rijk=sqrt(x(i)**2+y(j)**2+z(k)**2)
ijk=isign(i)*isign(j)*isign(k)
arg1=atan2((x(i)*y(j)),z(k)*rijk)
if(arg1.lt.0) arg1=arg1+twopi
arg2=rijk+y(j)
arg3=rijk+x(i)
if(arg2.le.0) write(6,*) 'bad point'
if(arg3.le.0) write(6,*) 'bad point'
arg2=alog(arg2)
arg3=alog(arg3)
sum=sum+ijk*(z(k)*arg1-x(i)*arg2-y(j)*arg3)
1 continue

```

```
g=rho*gamma*sum*si2mg*km2m
```

```
return
```

```
end
```

この計算結果は

