Songle: A Web Service for Active Music Listening Improved by User Contributions

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Our Goal



- Enrich music listening experiences
 by music-understanding technologies
 based on signal processing
- Toward this goal, we have already developed

Active Music Listening Interfaces

[Goto, 2003-]

- Active music listening
 - A way of listening to music through active interactions
 - You can take control of your own listening experience

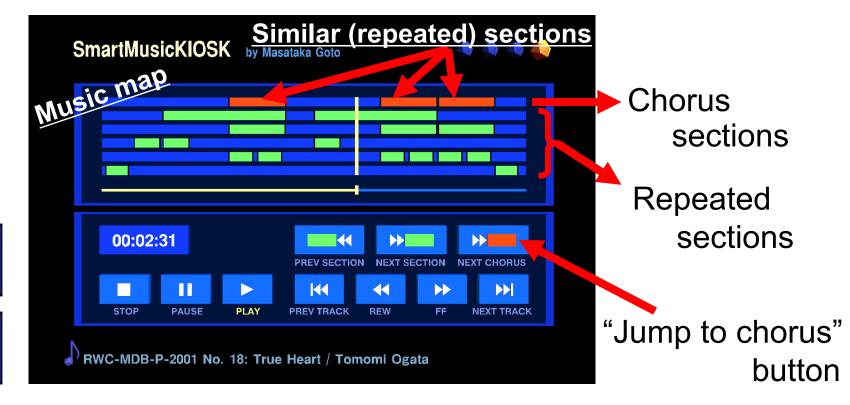
Active Music Listening Interface

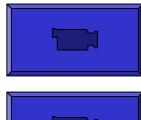
SmartMusicKIOSK (chorus-section detection)

Access directly your favorite part of a song

[Goto, 2003-06]

View a visual representation of its music structure





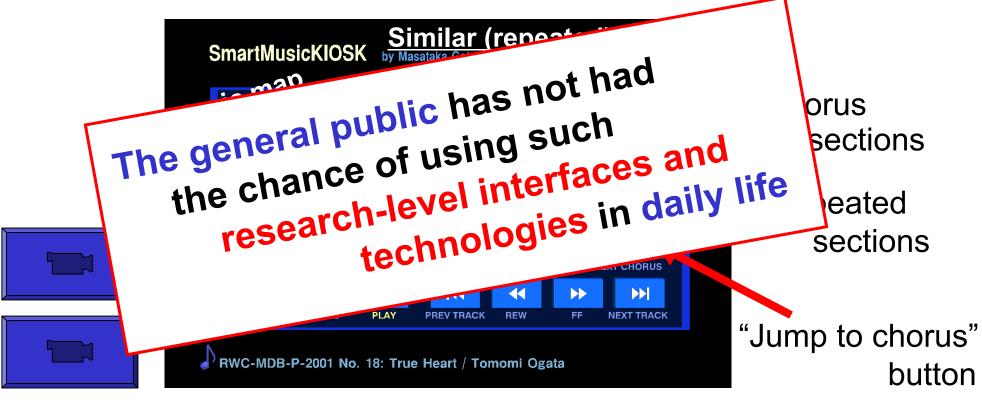
Active Music Listening Interface

□ SmartMusicKIOSK (chorus-section detection)

Access directly your favorite part of a song

[Goto, 2003-06]

View a visual representation of its music structure





Songle (http://songle.jp)

□ Web service for active music listening

Allow anonymous users to enjoy

any songs (MP3 files) available on the web by using active music listening interfaces



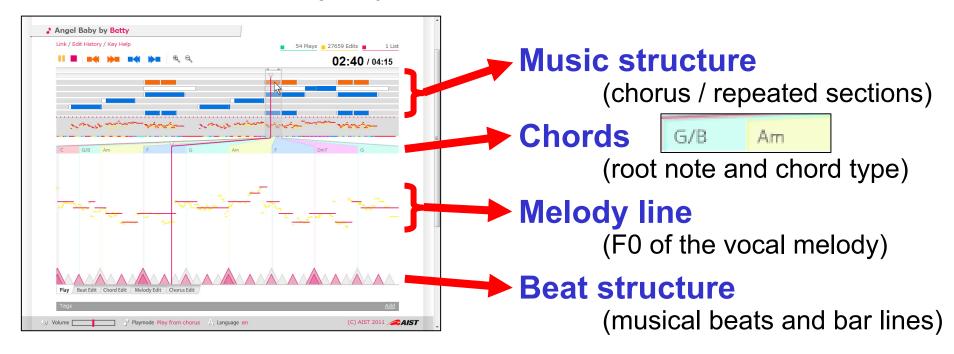


Demonstration (Web Service)



Songle (http://songle.jp)

- □ Use automatic music-understanding technologies
 - Estimate four major types of music scene descriptions



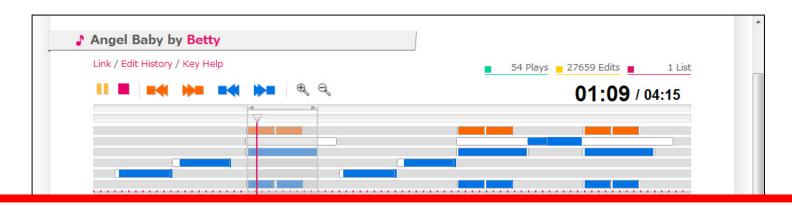
 A user can enjoy playing back a song while seeing the visualization of the estimated descriptions

Demonstration (Visualization)

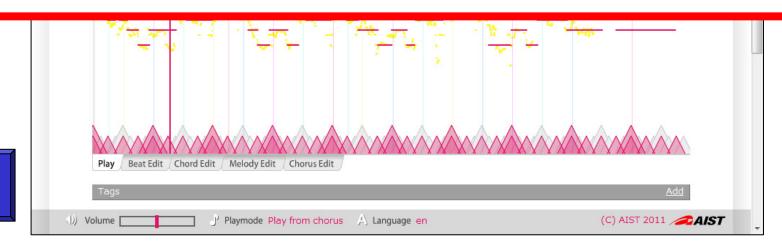




Demonstration (Visualization)



Songle facilitates deeper understanding of music by visualizing music scene descriptions



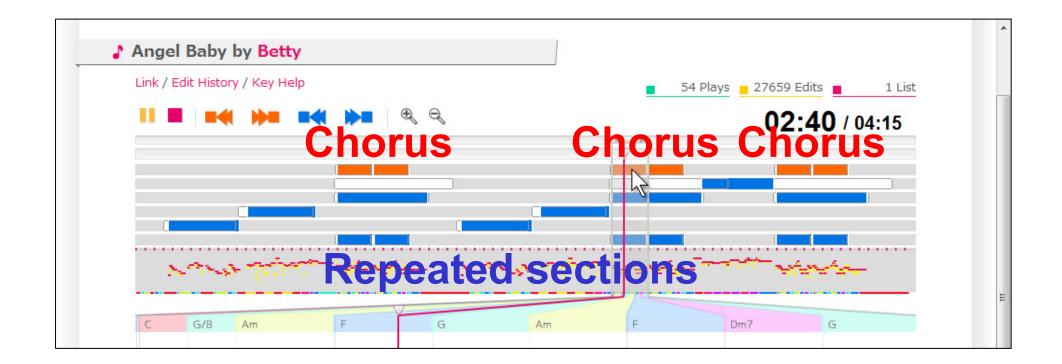


Songle with SmartMusicKIOSK



□ Implement all functions of **SmartMusicKIOSK**

Jump and listen to the chorus with just a push of a button

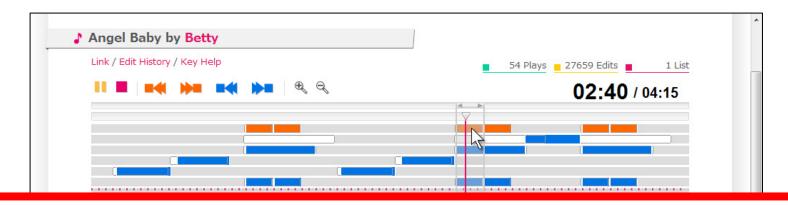


Demonstration (Active Music Listening)

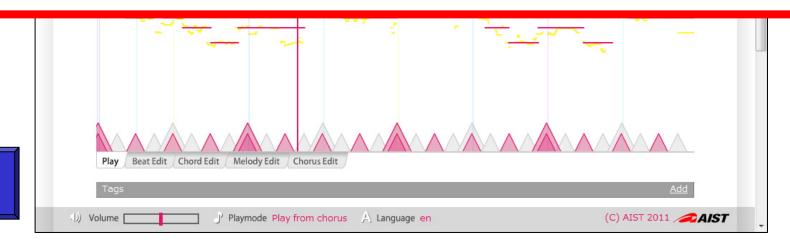




Demonstration (Active Music Listening)

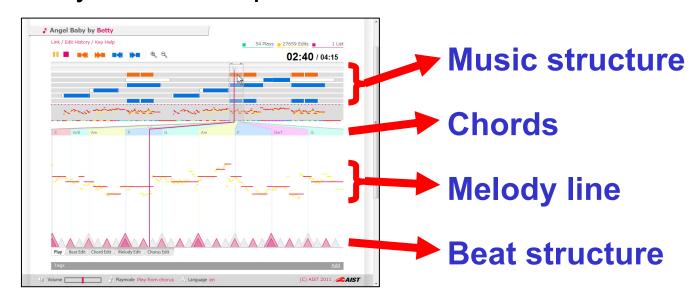


Songle makes it easier for a user to find desired parts of a piece



Estimation Errors

- □ Automatic music-understanding technologies
 - Estimation errors are inevitable
 - Given the variety of musical pieces on the web

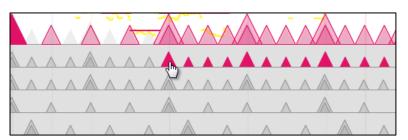


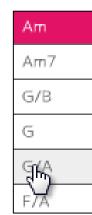
Users of Songle might be disappointed by its performance



Let's Overcome Estimation Errors Together

- Songle enables anonymous users to contribute by correcting estimation errors to improve the web service
- □ Efficient error correction interface (editor)
 - If a user finds an error while listening, the user can easily correct the error by selecting from a list of candidates or



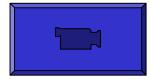


by providing an alternative description



□ Music structure

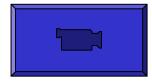






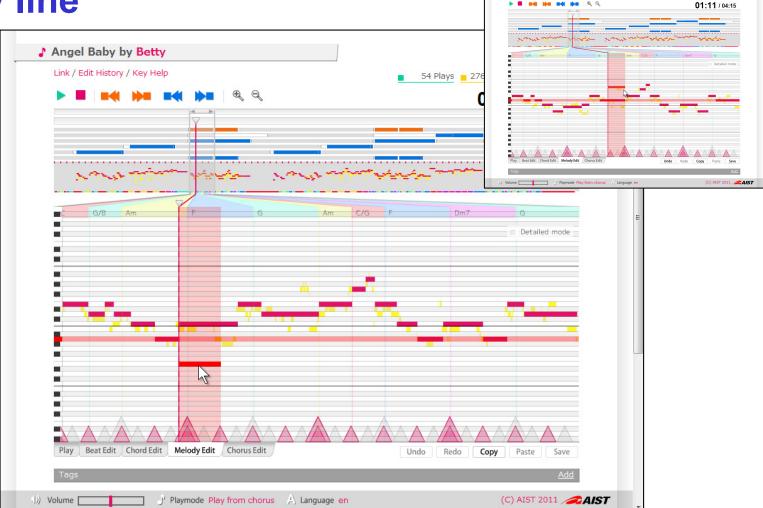
□ Beat structure

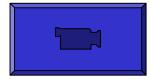






■ Melody line

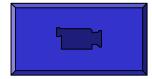






□ Chords

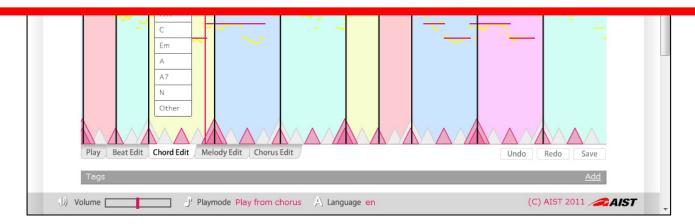


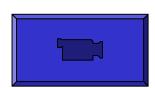






The resulting corrections are then shared and used to immediately improve the user experience







Let's Enrich Music Listening Experiences

- Songle is not just for collecting annotations,
 but for better user experiences
 - Users can simply enjoy active music listening without correcting any errors!
 - We understand that it is too difficult for some users to correct

Users are not expected to correct all errors,
 only some according to each user's interests

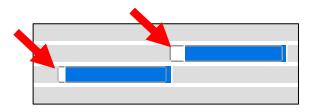
Songle as a Showcase

□ Songle serves as a *showcase*

- Demonstrate how people can benefit from music-understanding technologies
- Understand their nature through user experiences
 "What kinds of sound mixture are difficult to handle?"

Prevent overestimation of the technologies behind

 The originally estimated values are visualized as trails with different colors after user corrections







All correction histories are recorded and can be compared

Songle as a Research Platform

- □ We hope Songle will serve as a research platform
 - Other researchers could exhibit results of their own music-understanding modules to jointly promote the popularization of our research field
 - The modules can be executed anywhere in the world without sharing source and binary codes
 Receive an audio file and send back the results via HTTP
 - Interesting to visualize/compare/integrate
 differences of music-understanding results
 - Let's add other types of music scene descriptions

Implementation

□ Web server

Ruby on Rails, MySQL, Passenger, Apache

□ Client user interface

ActionScript 3, Adobe Flex Compiler, JavaScript

Music-understanding modules

- Music structure: RefraiD [Goto, 2003-06]
- Beat structure: HMM-based method [Mauch, 2010-11] Supporting tempo changes, and 3/4, 4/4, and 6/8 meters
- **Melody line**: PreFEst [Goto, 1998-2004] + VAD [Fujihara, 2006-10]
- Chords: HMM-based method [Mauch, 2010-11]
 14 types x 12 root notes, encouraging chord changes at bar lines

Conclusion

□ Songle: Web service for active music listening

- 2009/06 Started the project and development
- 2011/10/20 Launched the beta version
- Designed to set into motion a positive spiral
 - (1) Enable users to experience
 - a service based on music understanding to let them better understand its performance
 - (2) Users contribute to improved performance
 - (3) The improved performance leads to a better user experience, encouraging further use of the service at step (1)
 - Game-based or crowdsourcing approaches often lack step (3) and depend on the feeling of fun or money

[Turnbull et al., '07] [Mandel et al., '07] [Law et al., '07][Lee, '10][Mandel et al., '10]

Conclusion

□ Songle as a social correction framework

- Users gain a real sense of contributing for their own benefit and that of others
- Users can be further motivated to contribute
 by seeing corrections made by other users

□ Future work

 Use corrected errors and machine learning techniques to gradually improve music-understanding technologies





Let's Enjoy and Collaborate!



http://songle.jp

English and Japanese versions are available.

You can register any song (MP3 file) on the web!